

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2015

CONTENTS

	_
Independent Auditors' Report	1
Statement of Financial Position	2
Statement of Activities	3
Statement of Functional Expenses	4
Statement of Cash Flows	5
Notes to Financial Statements	6-12



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors OneJustice

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of OneJustice (a nonprofit organization), which comprise the Statement of Financial Position as of June 30, 2015, and the related Statements of Activities, Functional Expenses, and Cash Flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of OneJustice as of June 30, 2015, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matter

Summarized Comparative Information

We have previously audited OneJustice's 2014 financial statements, and we expressed an unmodified audit opinion on those audited financial statements in our report dated October 6, 2014. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

Harrington Group
San Francisco, California
December 10, 2015

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

June 30, 2015

With comparative totals at June 30, 2014

	2015		2014	
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	791,279	\$ 916,541	
Accounts receivable (Note 2)		178,373	78,565	
Prepaid expenses		36,069	42,813	
Property and equipment (Note 4)		1,447	 2,612	
Total assets	\$	1,007,168	\$ 1,040,531	
Liabilities and net assets				
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$ 22,700	
Accrued liabilities (Note 5)		112,177	100,371	
Deferred revenue		52,400	 218,379	
Total liabilities		164,577	 341,450	
Net assets				
Unrestricted		455,548	382,376	
Board designated (Note 8)		232,463	232,463	
Temporarily restricted (Note 7)		154,580	 84,242	
Total net assets		842,591	699,081	
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	1,007,168	\$ 1,040,531	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the year ended June 30, 2015

With comparative totals for the year ended June 30, 2014

		Temporarily		
	Unrestricted	Restricted	Restricted 2015	
Revenue and support				
Fee for service contracts	\$ 789,497	\$ -	\$ 789,497	\$ 824,196
Special event - net of expense of \$116,775	438,144		438,144	145,528
Grants	312,862	181,500	494,362	523,218
Contributions	137,867		137,867	191,429
Workshops and conference	46,236		46,236	50,209
In-kind contributions	23,611		23,611	114,579
Other income	2,482		2,482	1,321
Interest	534		534	707
Net assets released from purpose restrictions	111,162	(111,162)		
Total revenue and support	1,862,395	70,338	1,932,733	1,851,187
Expenses				
Program services	1,428,750		1,428,750	1,447,855
Management and general	167,386		167,386	203,128
Fundraising	193,087		193,087	158,907
Total expenses	1,789,223		1,789,223	1,809,890
Change in net assets	73,172	70,338	143,510	41,297
Net assets, beginning of year	614,839	84,242	699,081	657,784
Net assets, end of year	\$ 688,011	\$ 154,580	\$ 842,591	\$ 699,081

STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES

For the year ended June 30, 2015

With comparative totals for the year ended June 30, 2014

		Program S	Services			Support Service	s		
	Legal Aid			Total			Total	_	
	Association of	Healthy	Pro Bono	Program	Management		Support		xpenses
	California	Nonprofits	Justice	Services	and General	Fundraising	Services	2015	2014
Salaries	\$ -	\$ 568,289	\$ 341,816	\$ 910,105	\$ 101,170	\$ 123,630	\$ 224,800	\$ 1,134,905	\$ 1,084,560
Payroll taxes		43,955	33,110	77,065	8,486	10,472	18,958	96,023	91,467
Employee benefits		52,963	44,086	97,049	5,183	14,045	19,228	116,277	116,363
Total personnel cost	=	665,207	419,012	1,084,219	114,839	148,147	262,986	1,347,205	1,292,390
Contracted services		55,640	17,033	72,673	35,047	9,209	44,256	116,929	119,803
Travel and training		22,464	78,011	100,475	4,100	1,174	5,274	105,749	87,519
Rent		24,330	40,247	64,577	1,249	12,161	13,410	77,987	70,726
Supplies, postage, and printing		6,416	12,949	19,365	1,740	7,574	9,314	28,679	30,009
In-kind services		9,999	8,210	18,209	2,113	3,289	5,402	23,611	114,579
Dues and fees		8,117	5,614	13,731	1,302	3,902	5,204	18,935	16,213
Meetings		8,406	6,550	14,956	822	444	1,266	16,222	18,493
Telephone and online		3,831	6,958	10,789	1,899	2,308	4,207	14,996	17,084
Seminar/conference/event		3,091	7,100	10,191			-	10,191	10,833
Insurance		2,664	5,023	7,687	670	1,353	2,023	9,710	8,236
Program event expenses		5,647		5,647			-	5,647	8,751
Library		1,098	371	1,469	201	2,093	2,294	3,763	2,319
Repair and maintenance		877	1,840	2,717	195	438	633	3,350	4,406
Meals/entertainment		339	566	905	1,609	735	2,344	3,249	4,007
Advertising		465	675	1,140	435	260	695	1,835	1,875
Depreciation				-	1,165		1,165	1,165	2,643
Miscellaneous						<u> </u>			4
Total 2015 functional expenses	\$ -	\$ 818,591	\$ 610,159	\$ 1,428,750	\$ 167,386	\$ 193,087	\$ 360,473	\$ 1,789,223	
Total 2014 functional expenses	\$ 191,521	\$ 694,841	\$ 561,493	\$ 1,447,855	\$ 203,128	\$ 158,907	\$ 362,035		\$ 1,809,890

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the year ended June 30, 2015

With comparative totals for the year ended June 30, 2014

	2015		2014	
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Change in net assets	\$	143,510	\$	41,297
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash				
(used) provided by operating activities				
Depreciation		1,165		2,643
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:				
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(99,808)		103,688
Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses		6,744		(10,748)
(Decrease) increase in accounts payable		(22,700)		13,631
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities		11,806		(6,268)
(Decrease) increase in deferred revenue		(165,979)		81,215
Net cash (used) provided by operating activities		(125,262)		225,458
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Purchase of property and equipment				(2,285)
Net cash (used) by investing activities				(2,285)
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents		(125,262)		223,173
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		916,541		693,368
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	791,279	\$	916,541

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Organization

Mission

With over 30 years' experience as the backbone for California's civil justice infrastructure, OneJustice brings life-changing legal help to those in need by transforming the civil legal aid system.

Name Change

On March 1, 2011, the name of the organization was changed to OneJustice from Public Interest Clearinghouse to symbolize the organization's commitment to one justice system that works equally for all. During FY2014/2015, OneJustice legally changed its name with the California Secretary of State and the Internal Revenue Service.

The Need

Millions of Californians face legal barriers to basic life necessities and experience needless suffering from solvable legal problems. While California has a strong statewide network of legal services nonprofits that provide free legal help to those in need, there are simply not adequate resources – including attorneys – to meet the overwhelming need for assistance.

Nature of Activities

Building on a rich history of creativity, strong relationships, and excellent programming, OneJustice serves as a sustainable "Innovation Lab" for new ideas and demonstration projects that transform and expand the delivery of civil legal services to low-income and other underserved communities. OneJustice's expertise is its deep knowledge of legal aid and pro bono strategy and in understanding the most pressing issues and how the system can address them. OneJustice provides systems-level analysis on effective legal aid management and delivery and also designs statewide, regional, and local projects that support the continuing development of the legal aid safety net, making it more effective and cohesive on behalf of clients. OneJustice increases the supply of services through the Pro Bono Justice program and strengthens the delivery of services through its Healthy Nonprofits program.

Pro Bono Justice: partnering with the private sector to reach those in need

While there are hundreds of legal services nonprofits across California that provide a safety net for low-income people, too often those in need slip through the cracks because these nonprofits are stretched too thin. One Justice's Pro Bono Justice program addresses this lack of resources by expanding volunteerism in the legal community, working with law schools, law firms, corporate legal departments and nonprofit legal organizations.

1. Organization, continued

Healthy Nonprofits: increasing service availability through nonprofit strength

Where the boards and executive directors of legal services nonprofits were once able to "get by" with reliable streams of government funding, these nonprofits now face significant shifts in the broader environment and their historical business model. These nonprofits – and their leaders – need a new set of skills around effective fundraising, marketing, strategic planning, program evaluation, and board development. OneJustice's Healthy Nonprofits program provides training, coaching, and consulting to boards, executives, and senior management to build the leadership and management skills they need to survive and thrive in the increasingly complex nonprofit sector.

For a period of over 20 years, OneJustice also provided administrative support and services to the Legal Aid Association of California (LAAC), a separately incorporated nonprofit. During FY2014/2015, OneJustice and LAAC mutually agreed to terminate OneJustice's services.

OneJustice programs work within the existing service delivery system to close the greatest gaps in legal aid, while also testing new models and piloting new approaches to lead to sector-wide transformation. OneJustice works on a national level as a thought partner and resource, as well as representing the interests of California's legal aid sector in efforts to change policy and systems. OneJustice also supports the import and export of creative ideas by packaging its own approaches and projects for replication in other states and by identifying effective practices from outside California.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A summary of the significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements is as follows:

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting.

Accounting

To ensure observance of certain constraints and restrictions placed on the use of resources, the accounts are maintained in accordance with the principles of net asset accounting. This is the procedure by which resources for various purposes are classified for accounting and reporting purposes into net asset classes that are in accordance with specified activities or objectives. Accordingly, all financial transactions have been recorded and reported by net asset class as follows:

Unrestricted. These generally result from revenue generated by receiving unrestricted contributions, providing services, and receiving interest from investments less expenses incurred in providing program-related services, raising contributions, and performing administrative functions.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

Temporarily Restricted. Reports gifts of cash and other assets as temporarily restricted support if they are received with donor stipulations that limit the use of the donated assets. When a donor restriction expires, that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or the purpose of the restriction is accomplished, temporarily restricted net assets are reclassified to unrestricted net assets and reported in the Statement of Activities as net assets released from program or capital restrictions. One Justice has temporarily restricted net assets of \$154,580 at June 30, 2015.

Permanently Restricted. These net assets are restricted by donors who stipulate that resources are to be maintained permanently, but permit to expend all of the income (or other economic benefits) derived from the donated assets. One Justice has no permanently restricted net assets at June 30, 2015.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

OneJustice has defined cash and cash equivalents as cash in banks and certificates of deposits with an original maturity of nine months or less.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable includes outstanding contracts and grants receivable. No allowance for doubtful accounts has been provided as they are all deemed fully collectible.

Contributions and Pledges Receivable

Unconditional promises to give that are expected to be collected within one year are recorded as net realizable value. Unconditional promises to give that are expected to be collected in future years are recorded at fair value, which is measured as the present value of their future cash flows. The discounts on those amounts are computed using risk adjusted interest rates applicable to the years in which the promises are received. Amortization of the discount is included in contribution revenue. Conditional promises to give are not included as support until the conditions are substantially met. One Justice reports unconditional contributions as restricted support if they are received with donor stipulations that limit the use of the donated assets.

Concentration of Credit Risks

OneJustice places its temporary cash investments with high-credit, quality financial institutions. At times, such investments may be in excess of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance limit. OneJustice has not incurred losses related to these investments.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

Fair Value Measurements

Generally accepted accounting principles provide guidance on how fair value should be determined when financial statement elements are required to be measured at fair value. Valuation techniques are ranked in three levels depending on the degree of objectivity of the inputs used with each level:

Level 1 inputs - quoted prices in active markets for identical assets

Level 2 inputs - quoted prices in active or inactive markets for the same or similar assets

Level 3 inputs - estimates using the best information available when there is little or no market

OneJustice is required to measure non-cash contributions at fair value. The specific techniques used to measure fair value for each element is described in the notes below that relate to each element.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are recorded at cost if purchased or at fair value at the date of donation if donated. Depreciation is computed on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the related assets. Maintenance and repair costs are charged to expense as incurred. Property and equipment are capitalized if the cost of an asset is greater than or equal to one thousand dollars and the useful life is greater than one year.

Donated Materials and Services

Contributions of donated non-cash assets are measured on a non-recurring basis and recorded at fair value in the period received. Contributions of donated services that create or enhance non-financial assets or that require specialized skills, are provided by individuals possessing those skills, and would typically need to be purchased if not provided by donation, are recorded at fair value on a non-recurring basis in the period received (see Note 3).

A number of unpaid volunteers have made contributions of their time to OneJustice. However, the value of these services is not reflected in these statements because the criterion for recognition has not been satisfied.

Functional Allocation of Expenses

Costs of providing OneJustice's programs and other activities have been presented in the Statement of Functional Expenses. During the year, such costs are accumulated into separate groupings as either direct or indirect. Indirect or shared costs are allocated among program and support services by a method that best measures the relative degree of benefit. OneJustice uses the salaries expense related to each functional category to allocate indirect costs.

Income Taxes

OneJustice is exempt from taxation under Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3) and California Revenue and Taxation Code Section 23701d.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

Generally accepted accounting principles provide accounting and disclosure guidance about positions taken by an organization in its tax returns that might be uncertain. Management has considered its tax positions and believes that all of the positions taken by OneJustice in its federal and state exempt organization tax returns are more likely than not to be sustained upon examination. OneJustice's returns are subject to examination by federal and state taxing authorities, generally for three and four years, respectively, after they are filed.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses as of the date and for the period presented. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Comparative Totals

The financial statements include certain prior-year summarized comparative information in total but not by net asset class. Such information does not include sufficient detail to constitute a presentation in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with OneJustice's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2014, from which the summarized information was derived.

Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through December 10, 2015, the date which the financial statements were available.

3. Fair Value Measurements

The table below presents transactions measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis during the year ended June 30, 2015:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	<u>Total</u>
Contributed services	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$23,611</u>	<u>\$</u>	\$23,611

The fair value of contributed services has been measured on a non-recurring basis using quoted prices for similar assets in inactive markets (Level 2 inputs).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

4. Property and Equipment

Property and equipment at June 30, 2015 consist of the following:

Furniture and equipment \$ 18,446 Less: accumulated depreciation (16,999) \$ 1,447

Depreciation expense during the year ended June 30, 2015 was \$1,165.

5. Accrued Liabilities

Accrued liabilities at June 30, 2015 consist of the following:

Accrued salaries	\$ 58,325
Accrued vacation	31,050
Other	22,802
	<u>\$112,177</u>

6. Commitments and Contingencies

Obligations Under Operating Leases

OneJustice leases various facilities under operating leases with various terms. Future minimum payments by year and in the aggregate, under these leases with initial or remaining terms of one year or more, consist of the following:

Year	ended	June 30,
	2016	,

2016 \$76,556 2017 <u>23,332</u> \$99,888

Rent expense under operating leases for the year ended June 30, 2015 was \$77,987.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

7. Temporarily Restricted Net Assets

Temporarily restricted net assets as of June 30, 2015 consist of the following:

Bigglesworth Family Foundation	\$	63,000
Sakana Foundation		39,830
Manatt, Phelps & Phillips, LLP		15,000
O'Melveny & Meyers		10,500
Van Löben Sels/Rembe Rock Foundation		10,000
Walter S. Johnson Foundation		8,750
California Bar Foundation	_	7,500
	\$	154 <u>,580</u>

For the year ended June 30, 2015, net assets released from purpose restrictions were \$111,162.

8. Board Designated Net Assets

OneJustice received a Cy Pres award of \$400,000 in October 2009. The OneJustice Board of Directors approved the use of \$55,533 of the award in fiscal year 2009-2010 and designated the remaining funds of \$344,467 for future program expansion and organizational growth. The Board approved the use of \$43,000 for program expansion in fiscal year 2010-2011 and the use of \$69,004 for organizational growth in fiscal year 2011-2012, ending with a remaining balance of \$232,463. The Board did not project the need for the use of any board designated funds for program expansion in fiscal year 2012-2013, 2013-2014, and 2014-2015 and therefore did not approve the use of any funds in those fiscal years.